BY Vertue of an ORDER of the Honourable the HOUSE of COMMONS, I do appoint Thomas Baffet and Richard Tonson, and no others, to Print my Informations,

Robert Jenison.

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INFORMATIONS

O F

Robert Jenison

OF

Grayes Inn, Esquire.

Relating the

Horrid Popilh Plott.

A S

They were given in Writing upon OATH

Honourable House

COMMONS

Tuesday the 9th day of November, 1680.

LONDON,

Printed for Thomas Baffet, and Richard Tonson, at the George in Fleet-street, and at Grayes-Inn Gate, next Grayes-Inn Lane, MDCLXXX.



THE

INFORMATIONS

O F

ROBERT JENISON, Efq;

Concerning the

Horrid Popish Plot,&c.

His Informant faith, That about the beginning of the Year 78. he hath heard Mr. Ireland and Mr. Tho. Fenison. both Jesuits, discourse of a Design by the Roman Catholicks, to obtain a Liberty, or a Toleration for the open Profession of their Religion here in England; and the way he then heard them speak of, was, by collecting a round Sum of Money among their Party, and by bribing the greatest part of the then Parliament. This Informant hath likewise heard the two fore-named Persons talk of securing the Duke of Tork's Succession, which they told this Informant, was to be done by granting out Commissions to those of that Religion, to the end they might be ready to rise upon the Death of the King. He hath also heard these, with other Jesuits, viz. Blunden and Fenwick, discourse in general terms. of the necelfity and ulefulness to their Party, of altering the Government establish'd, and that the Roman Catholick Religion could never be fettled in England till that were done, and that the prefent Government were brought to the French Model.

In the Month of June, in the same year, this Informant being at Mr. Ireland's Chamber in Russel-street Covent Garden, and there happening some Discourse, that the Roman Catholick Religion would suddenly come in, and be owned in England, Mr. Ireland did then say, That there was onely one in the way that hindered that Religion from slourishing in England

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again;

again, and that it was an easie matter to poylon the King, and that Sir George Wakeman might opportunely and easily do it; and this Informant then demanding, if Sir George Wakeman was the King's Physician? Mr. Ireland did to that Question reply, No: but that he was the Queen's, and thence might have an op-

portunity to do it.

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In August following, the same day this Informant came from Windfor, (which he hath great reason to remember by very good Circumstances) this Informant went to Mr. Ireland's Chamber. where he found him pulling off his Boots upon the frame of a Table, who told this Informant, he was new y come by Poft from Wolverhampton in Staffordsbire, and that this Informant's Relations there were well, and would have been glad to have feen this Informant there, who, after a return of thanks, and some Congratulation upon his Arrival, told Mr. Ireland he was newly come from Windfor; the faid Ireland thereupon enquiring what News from thence, and of the Diversion of the Court; the Informant made Answer, he understood that His Majesty took much delight in Hawking, and Fishing, but chiefly in the latter, which he used to follow early in the morning, accompanied with a small Retinue of two or three. Mr. Ireland presently reply'd, He were easily taken off, or removed; to which this Informant returned, and made Answer, God forbid: After some paule, No. fayes he, I do not fay 'tis lawful. Here happened this Interruption; This Informant then asked Mr. Ireland, feeing he was newly come out of Staffordsbire, what his Aunt said concerning a Letter fent to her about two Months before, relating to the fame Sum, or thereabouts, which this Informant had had in the mean time of him; Mr. Ireland did then make answer, as from her, that she did not think fit to answer it; and further, That the old Gentlewoman was bard enough, and would bold her own. After this, he drew down a Discourse concerning Religion, which was shortly to be brought in, and pressed this Informant, by divers Arguments, to be instrumental in it, urging how Meritorious it would be, and how much to the Glory of God, and thereupon offered to cause the 20 %. borrowed of him by this Informant, to be remitted, and forgiven him, if he would be affifting to the taking off the King, and would be one of the e that would go to Windler about it. But this Informant did answer, that he would not for twenty times twenty pound have any hand in the Death of the King; whereupon the faid Ireland replied, Will you do nothing to bring in the Catholick Religion? To which this Informant did fay, that he did not believe it would ever come in by Bloud. Upon which the faid Ireland reply'd, What? Would you not have Religion to flourish in England again? Whereto the Informant answered, if it were done, if the King were taken of, so and will, but this Informant said he would have no hand in it.

Bu: the faid William Ireland not being fatisfied with this Informant's Answers, pursued thus, do you know any hist men of our Religion, that are front and couragious? this Informant replyed, the Irifb Gendemen were commonly to; and did name Captain Levalin, Mr. Thomas Brahal, Mr. Karney, three Hiff men, and Mr. Fanes Wilson, being all Gentlement far lived in or about Greys-Inn, of whose name (two of them at the least) the faid Ireland took particular Notice in writing, to the best of this Informant's Remembrance. And this Informant did then tell the faid Ireland, that he believed no men of Estares would be concerned in that Affair, and that he himself was Heir to an Estate, (his Brother being a Priest) and he understood, that Captain Levalin was Heir to a very good Estate, and therefore this Informant did believe he would have nothing to do in any fuch matter, unless the pique which he had to the King, might move him to ic; and this Informant faith, that after he had upon the Importunity of William Ireland, named unto him, Captain Levalin, Mr. Karney, Mr. Braball, and Mr. James Wiffn, to be front and couragious Gentlemen, the faid William Irelated did ask and require this Informant, to go down with the faid Gentlemen to Winder, to be assistant in the taking of the King; which this Informant refused, faying, he would not have any hand in the death of the King; faying, no men of Estates would engage therein, as this Informant believed; and the faid William Ireland did approve of the faid four Persons, named as aforesaid by this Informant, as fit for the defign, and declared that he knew Mr. Levalin, and Mr. Karney, before this Informant had named them, by the which, this Informant and apprehend, that he might have communicated with them of the faid Defign for Windsor, before the Nomination aforesaid; and he farther sith, at the same time when he came from Windsor, Mr. William freland.

land did ask this Informant for the twenty pound lent unto this Informant upon Bond, although the same was not then due: and farther said, he wanted source Pounds, having then occasion for that Sum, and this Informant did say, he would return what he owed him, assoon as he should get into the North.

And this Informant further faith, that nigh two Months after the mustering the Forces upon Hounslow Heath, the aforenam'd Thomas Fenison told this Informant, he had a mitter of great Consequence to impart unto him, adding, that there was a Defign on foct, fo laid, as it could not well be discovered, wherein the greatest Catholicks in England were embarqued; that the Queen and the Duke were in the defign, and several Lords by name, the Lord Bellasis. the Lord Powis, the Lord Arundel of Warder; and the faid Tho. Fenison did fay, that they had often attempted the Lord Treasurer, and at the last had made him theirs; further saying, that it would be of great Advantage to this Informant, to imbarque with them, and that he could not be in greater danger than they, and that he would acquaint this Informant with more Particulars, after he had received the Sacrament of Secrefie, which he engaged this Informant to do upon the next Holiday, at Sir Philip Tyrrwhit's house in Bloomsbury; but this Informant did not receive the Sacrament upon any account what foever, about the Plot; and this Informant then withing he had had a Commission in the new Levies, the said Thomas Jenison replyed, that he would get him a Commission from the Duke of Tork, whereunto, this Informant returning Answer, how could that be, feeing all the Commissions are now granted out, and full; the said Tho. Jenison did then in plain words tell this Informant, that there was a new Army to be rais'd for to bring in Religion, but would acquaint this Informant with Particulars hereafter, and therefore defired to know of this Informant, how he might fend him a Commission with Safety, he knowing this Informant intended suddenly to go into the Bishoprick of Durham, and, as this Informant remembers, this Commission was not to be sent, until the taking of the King was effected, whereat this Informant was fomewhat furpriz'd; but Thomas Jenison did say, he would tell him things more at large, after his Receiving the Sacrament of Secrefie: and this Informant further faith, that upon the day that this Informant received the twenty pound lent unto him, he went with the faid Thomas Jenison, to Mr. William Harcourt's Chamber

in Duke street, to return thanks for the obligation, in consent? ing to lend the Money, Mr. Tho. Jenison falling upon that common Topick, that Religion wou'd fuddenly come in, he did express himself as Dr. Oates has it in his Narrative, viz. If C. R. would not be R. C. he should not long be C. R: which he interpreted, Si Carolus Rex non esset Rex Catholicus; non foret din Carolus Rex: Which was not the first time this Informant heard that quibbling Expression from the said Tho. Tenison: who further then added upon Discourse, That the King being Excommunicated and Deposed, he was no longer King; and it were no fin, or no great fin at least, to take him off; and if it should be discovered who did it, perhaps two or three might dye for it; but denying the Fact, (this Informant supposes his meaning to have been denying themselves to be Papists that committed to Barbarous and Villainous a Fact) the matter would foon blow

over (because the Duke was to succeed).

And this Informant further faith, being with the faid Tho. Tenison and another Gentleman about the latter end of April, or beginning of May, 78, (whose Name he remembreth not) in the aforesaid Ireland's Chamber, there came one in, who after some private discourse with Mr. Ireland, departed; and after he was gone, the said Tho. Jenison told this Informant, 'Twas one Mr. Oates, who had been a Parson, but was come over to them, and that he was a Brisk Jolly Man well worth this Informant's acquaintance. And this Informant very well remembers, there happening sometime after a discourse about the faid Parson that was lately come over, the faid Tho. Jenison did say, that That Parson was ingaged in the Design. Whereto this Informant objected, That a Reconciled Enemy ought no more to be Trusted, than an Open Foe. But the faid Tho. Jenison answered, They were sure enough of him, and that being once Reconciled, they were the more Zealous, and Trusty. To which Opinion this Informant submitted, instancing Dr. Godwin, and Dr. Baley, as being Zealous Catholicks, altho' they were Protestant Converts.

And this Informant further faith, That he was in Shinfeild Parish near Reading in Berks, about the time of Coleman's Tryal; where he met with Mr. Cuffell a Romish Priest and Jesuite, who then much blamed the faid Coleman, faying he was Infatuated, to suffer his own Papers to be taken upon the Disco-

very of the Plott; when as he had given Notice to Mr. Harcourt, Mr. Ireland, and the rest of the Jesuits, to burn or secure theirs. And he very well remembers, That amongst other discourse, this Informant spake against the Opinion that Bellarmine, Mariana, and Suarez maintained touching the Power of the Pope to Depose Kings. Upon which the said Cuffell mentioned a Sentence which he said Bellarmine did draw out of the Scripture for that Opinion, which was, Quod Papa habeat eandem potestatem super Reges quam Jehojida habuit super Athabliam.

And this Informant further saith, That Madam Hall his Sister being present at the said Cuffel's other discourse concerning Coleman's Infatuation, in sending Notice as before, &c. upon this Informant's reflecting in the absence of Cuffell, viz. That by his side-words he seemed manifestly to own a Plot, his Sister did then say, She very much feared that they had some Bloudy Design, for that she had heard the said Cuffell some little time before the breaking out of the Plott, upon a discourse that Religion would shortly come into England, say these words; viz. There must be some Bloud shed before Religion could be introduc'd: But she told him she did not believe it

ought to come in that way.

This Informant further faith, That usually visiting Madam Harewell his Aunt, and her Daughter at their Lodgings in Kings Street Covent-Garden at the least three or four times a Week, which as this Informant certainly remembers, was before the Tryal of the Five Jesuits Executed for the Execrable Popish Plott, he had the opportunity of seeing, reading, and transcribing several Papers and Letters from his Brother Mr. Tho. Jenison, all tending to invalidate Mr. Oates his Testimony; the particular ways he used, doth not perfectly occur to his Memory; but this Informant remembers he told Madam Harewell and her Daughter, That he thought those Arguments wou'd do his said Brother but little good for his Defence, unless he had better behind. But there were two Pasfages in the faid Papers, or Letters, some whereof were superscribed to one Dr --- or Sir --- wherein the said Tho. Jenison thus expressed himself, Why are our Friends disgusted, I will not ftir

ffir one hairs breadth. By which Expression this Informant did believe that some of the Plotters were afraid, and Jea-· lous lest the said Too. Jenison shou'd detect their Plott, and therefore by these words he assured them, That he wou'd not recede one hairs breadth from his Resolution of Secretie. And this Informant faith, That he then communicating his faid reflection, and observation to the said Ladies, they were at a stand, not knowing how to excuse his meaning. The fecond passage was about what the said Tho. Jenison supposed himself to have spoke to the Lady Tyrrwhit, upon his being apprehended at her Lodgings in Bloomsbury, whereof he feem'd very solicitous to be ascertain'd in the aforenamed Papers, and that by some cunning third hand; For I believe, faith he; I faid I did not know Mr. Oates. By which this Informant perceived his meaning to be, That if he had then, viz upon his apprehension denyed his knowledg of Mr. Oates to the Lady Tyrrwhit, (who, by the way, was his Profelyte) he was resolved to persist in the said denyal to the last: Tho on the other hand this Informant doth certainly know the faid Tho. Tenison was well acquainted with the said Mr. Oates, as appeareth by Two Remarkable Instances in the former Depofitions of this Informant.

This Informant likewise saith, That Mrs. Anne Ireland comming to this Informant's Chamber to chide him, for that she heard he was about to discover some matters touching the Plott, she to dissing him hastily said; On my Conscience I think you'l bring your self into the Plott, and by your discovery will own that there was a Plott, and that you was engaged in it, and so disgrace your self. Though she probably knew this Informant was no further concerned than in what was imparted in that discourse he had with her Brother (she being there present) after this Informant's arrival from Windsor. And Mrs. Anne Ireland surther said then, That this Informant was worse than Dr. Oates; for, that Dr. Oates did follow the Plott and make an early

Discovery, but, this Informant came in too late.

To which this Informant replyed, That what he had to fay, he remembred from the very first Discovery, and before, or at the least within 3. or 4. months of the breaking out of

the Discovery of the Plott, and that he would not offer to depose any thing upon Oath, but what he could certainly charge his Memory with; and so bid her not trouble her felf.

This Informant also very well remembreth, That about the latter end of September, or the beginning of October, (78.) when he was at his Fathers House in the Bishoprick of Durham, Mr. Ralph Jenison a Jesuite, came to see this Informant, who before they parted asked the said Mr. Ralph Jenison how he might conveniently send 20 l. to Mr. Ireland, which this Informant said he did owe to him. Mr. Ralph Jenison replyed, (which Directions this Informant did then take in a little Journal) You may send a Letter with your Bill to Mr. Ireland, and enclose them in another Letter to Mr. Oates at his Lodging at Mr. Grigsons in Drury Lane, and your Letter, or Moneys will come safe that way to Mr. Ireland.

Robert Jenison.

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